

ORAL DISSOLVING FILMS: A NOVEL DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEM

Alok^{1*}, Mr. Mohit Khandelwal², Dr. Dilip Agrawal³

¹Research Scholar, Mahatma Gandhi College of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Jaipur.

²Asso. Professor, Mahatma Gandhi College of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Jaipur.

³Principal, Mahatma Gandhi College of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Jaipur.

Article Received date: 20 October 2023

Article Revised date: 10 November 2023

Article Accepted date: 30 November 2023



*Corresponding Author: Alok Kumar

Research Scholar, Mahatma Gandhi College of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Jaipur.

ABSTRACT

Oral dissolving films (ODFs) have emerged as a promising and innovative drug delivery system over the past decade. These thin, flexible films are designed to dissolve rapidly in the oral cavity, delivering medications in a convenient and patient-friendly manner. This review article explores the development, formulation, advantages, challenges, and future prospects of ODFs as a drug delivery platform. These thin, rapidly dissolving films have gained prominence due to their patient-centric advantages, including ease of use, enhanced bioavailability, and rapid onset of action. This abstract provides a concise overview of ODFs, their formulation, advantages, and potential impact on various therapeutic areas. As pharmaceutical research continues to evolve, ODFs are poised to play a pivotal role in improving patient compliance and overall healthcare outcomes.

KEYWORDS: Oral dissolving, Emerged, Delivery, Formulation, Advantages.

INTRODUCTION

Oral dissolving films (ODFs) have emerged as a transformative innovation in the realm of pharmaceutical formulation and drug delivery. These ultra-thin, rapidly dissolving strips, akin to postage stamps in size and appearance, offer a novel approach to administering pharmaceutical agents. ODFs, when placed on the tongue or in the oral cavity, disintegrate quickly, releasing the incorporated active pharmaceutical ingredients (APIs) for swift systemic absorption. The adoption of ODFs in pharmaceutical science and healthcare is reshaping the landscape of medication administration, promising a spectrum of advantages ranging from precision dosing to enhanced patient compliance. In the ever-evolving landscape of pharmaceuticals, the quest for more effective and patient-friendly drug delivery methods has driven innovation at the intersection of science and medicine. Among the many breakthroughs, Oral dissolving films (ODFs) have emerged as a revolutionary approach, promising to transform the way we administer medications. This groundbreaking drug delivery system challenges the traditional forms of pills, capsules, and syrups by offering a convenient, rapid, and discreet means of delivering therapeutic agents.

ODFs, also known as orally dissolving films or oral thin films, are thin, flexible sheets that dissolve almost instantaneously upon contact with saliva, releasing the

medication they contain. Their ability to deliver drugs without the need for water or swallowing presents a paradigm shift in patient compliance, particularly for those who face difficulties in swallowing conventional dosage forms, such as pediatric and geriatric populations.

The development and formulation of ODFs have witnessed significant progress over the past decade, ushering in a new era in pharmaceutical science. This introduction provides an overview of ODFs, exploring their formulation, advantages, applications, and the potential to revolutionize drug delivery across various medical fields. As we delve deeper into the world of ODFs, we uncover a promising avenue that stands to benefit both patients and healthcare providers, paving the way for improved therapeutic outcomes and a brighter future in medicine.

Development of ODFs: ODFs are typically composed of water-soluble polymers, plasticizers, and active pharmaceutical ingredients (APIs). The development of ODFs involves a series of steps, including the selection of suitable materials, formulation optimization, and manufacturing processes. Key factors in ODF development include film thickness, drug loading, and taste masking.

Advantages of ODFs

- 1. Patient Compliance:** ODFs are easy to handle, do not require water for administration, and are ideal for patients who have difficulty swallowing conventional dosage forms.
- 2. Rapid Onset of Action:** Due to their rapid dissolution in the oral cavity, ODFs allow for quicker absorption of drugs, leading to faster onset of therapeutic effects.
- 3. Improved Bioavailability:** The avoidance of first-pass metabolism in the liver can lead to increased bioavailability of certain drugs.
- 4. Taste Masking:** Unpleasant tastes and odors of some drugs can be masked effectively in ODFs, enhancing patient acceptability.
- 5. Portable and Discreet:** ODFs are compact and can be carried discreetly, making them suitable for on-the-go medication administration.

Challenges and Limitations

- 1. Formulation Complexity:** Achieving the right balance of film thickness, drug content, and taste masking can be challenging.
- 2. Stability Issues:** ODFs are susceptible to moisture and temperature variations, which can affect their shelf life.
- 3. Manufacturing Challenges:** Producing ODFs at an industrial scale with consistent quality can be technically demanding.
- 4. Limited Drug Compatibility:** Not all drugs are suitable for ODF formulations, particularly those with specific stability requirements.

Applications of ODFs: ODFs have found applications in various therapeutic areas, including:

- 1. Pediatrics:** Ideal for administering medications to children who may have difficulty swallowing pills or capsules.
- 2. Geriatrics:** Well-suited for elderly patients with swallowing difficulties.
- 3. Psychiatry:** Rapid-onset drugs, such as anti-anxiety medications, can benefit from ODF delivery.
- 4. Emergency Medicine:** ODFs offer a quick and convenient way to administer life-saving medications.

Future Prospects: The field of ODFs is continuously evolving, with ongoing research focused on improving formulation stability, expanding the range of compatible drugs, and enhancing taste masking techniques. Additionally, the development of personalized ODFs tailored to individual patient needs holds promise for the future.

CONCLUSION

Oral dissolving oral films represent a significant advancement in drug delivery, offering a patient-friendly and efficient alternative to traditional dosage forms. While they come with certain formulation and stability challenges, their advantages in terms of patient

compliance and rapid drug onset make them a valuable addition to the pharmaceutical industry. As research and technology continue to advance, ODFs are likely to play an increasingly important role in modern medicine.

REFERENCES

- Ponchel G. (1993) Formulation of Oral Mucosal Drug Delivery Systems for The Systemic Delivery Of Bioactive Materials. *Adv Drug Deliver Rev.*, 1993; 13: 75-87.
- Rathbone Mj, Drummond Bk, Tucker Ig. (1994) The Oral Cavity as A Site For Systemic Drug Delivery. *Adv Drug Deliver Rev.*, 1994; 13: 1-22.
- Dotiwala AK, Samra NS. StatPearls [Internet]. StatPearls Publishing; Treasure Island (FL): Aug 27, 2022. Anatomy, Head and Neck, Tongue.
- Singh S, et al., (2008) Preparation and Evaluation of Buccal Bioadhesive Films Containing Clotrimazole. *Aaps Pharmscitech*, 2008; 9: 660-667.
- El-Samaligy Ms, Yahia Sa, Basalious Eb. (2004) Formulation and Evaluation of Diclofenac Sodium Buccoadhesive Discs. *Int J Pharm.*, 2004; 286: 27-39.
- Perioli L, et al., (2008) Rheological and Functional Characterization of New Antiinflammatory Delivery Systems Designed For Buccal Administration. *Int J Pharm.*, 2008; 356: 19-28.
- Narayana Pr, et al., (2013) Formulation and Evaluation of Fast Dissolving Films of Loratidine by Solvent Casting Method. *Pharm Innova J.*, 2013; 2(2): 31-35.
- Siddeshwar Ss, et al., (2014) Fast Dissolving Oral Films: Easy Way Of Oral Delivery. *Int J Curr Trends Pharmaceut. Res.*, 2014; 2(3): 483-490.
- Satam Mn, et al., (2013) Fast Dissolving Oral Thin Films. *Int J Uni Pharm Bio-Sci.*, 2013; 2(4): 27-39.
- Bhyan B, et al., (2011) Orally Fast Dissolving Films: Innovations In Formulation And Technology. *Int J Pharmaceut Sci.*, 2011; 9(2): 50-57.
- Aggarwal J, et al., (2011) Fast Dissolving Films: A Novel Approach to Oral Drug Delivery. *Int Res J Pharm.*, 2011; 2(12): 69-74.
- Jaiswal, H. (2014) Oral Strip Technology. *Ind J Pharmaceut Bio Res.*, 2014; 2(2): 130- 114.
- Kathpalia H, et al., (2013) Development and Evaluation of Orally Disintegrating Film of Tramadol Hydrochloride. *Asian J Biomed Pharmaceut Sci.*, 2013; 3(24): 27-32.
- Chen Q, et al., (2014) Formulation And Characterization Of Orally Dissolving Thin Films Containing The German Cockroach *Blattella Germanica* (Bla G2) Allergen. *Int J Pharmaceut Sci.*, 2014; 4(5): 730-735.
- Desu Pk, et al., (2013) Formulation and Evaluation of Fast Dissolving Films of Rizatriptan. *Int J Pharmaceutical Res Bio-Sci.*, 2013; 2(3): 298-305.
- Sowjanya JN, Rao PR. (2023) Development, optimization, and invitro evaluation of novel fast dissolving oral films (FDOF's) of *Uncaria tomentosa* extract to treat osteoarthritis. *Heliyon.*, 2023 Mar 10;

- 9(3): e14292.
17. Ozakar E, Sevinç-Ozakar R, Yılmaz B. (2023) Preparation, Characterization, and Evaluation of Cytotoxicity of Fast Dissolving Hydrogel Based Oral Thin Films Containing Pregabalin and Methylcobalamin. *Gels.*, 2023 Feb 9; 9(2): 147.
 18. Zaki RM, et al., (2023) Fabrication and characterization of orodispersible films loaded with solid dispersion to enhance Rosuvastatin calcium bioavailability. *Saudi Pharm J.*, 2023 Jan; 31(1): 135-146.
 19. Patel R, et al., (2023) Biophysical approach to study the impact of muscle relaxant drug tizanidine on stability and activity of serum albumins. *J Mol Recognit.*, 2023 Jun; 36(6): e3010.
 20. Mohsen AM, et al., (2023) Formulation of tizanidine hydrochloride-loaded provesicular system for improved oral delivery and therapeutic activity employing a 23 full factorial design. *Drug Deliv Transl Res.*, 2023 Feb; 13(2): 580-592.
 21. Sane S, et al., (2023) Comparison of the Effect of Preoperative Oral Tizanidine and Pregabalin on Shoulder Pain in Laparoscopic Cholecystectomy Under General Anesthesia. *Adv Biomed Res.*, 2023 Mar 21; 12: 58.
 22. Tanaka Y, et al., (2023) Muscle strength rather than appendicular skeletal muscle mass might affect spinal sagittal alignment, low back pain, and health-related quality of life. *Sci Rep.*, 2023 Jun 19; 13(1): 9894.
 23. Yu J, et al., (2023) The highest region of muscle spindle abundance should be the optimal target of botulinum toxin A injection to block muscle spasms in rats. *Front Neurol.*, 2023 Feb 23; 14: 1061849.
 24. Sams L, et al., (2023) The Effect Of Percussive Therapy On Musculoskeletal Performance And Experiences Of Pain: A Systematic Literature Review. *Int J Sports Phys Ther.*, 2023 Apr 1; 18(2): 309-327.
 25. Abril L, et al., (2023) The Relative Efficacy of Seven Skeletal Muscle Relaxants. An Analysis of Data From Randomized Studies. *J Emerg Med.*, 2022 Apr; 62(4): 455-461. doi: 10.1016/j.jemermed.2021.09.025. Epub 2022 Jan 20.
 26. Shah KA, et al., (2022) Rizatriptan-Loaded Oral Fast Dissolving Films: Design and Characterizations. *Pharmaceutics.* 2022 Dec 1; 14(12): 2687.
 27. Pastorio NFG, et al., (2021) Design of Mucoadhesive Strips for Buccal Fast Release of Tramadol. *Pharmaceutics.* 2021 Jul 31; 13(8): 1187.
 28. Azarmi S, Roa W, Lobenberg R. Current Perspectives In Dissolution Testing Of Conventional And Novel Dosage Forms. *Int J Pharm.*, 2007; 328: 12-21.
 29. Nareda M, Sharma A., Design and Formulation of Fast Dissolving Tablet of Lornoxicam using Banana Powder as Natural Superdisintegrant by Direct Compression Method. *Wjpps*, 2018; 7(2): 631-642.
 30. Sharma AK, Sharma V, Soni SL, Pareek R, Goyal RK, Khandelwal M, Formulation And Evaluation of Fast Dissolving Tablet of Domperidone Using Fenugreek Seed Mucilage As Natural Superdisintegrant By Direct Compression Method *World J Pharmacy and Pharm Sci*; 7(2): 643-653.
 31. Sharma AK, Nareda M, Aziz S, Sharma D, Garg S, Fentanyl - A Potent Opioid Analgesic: A Review. *J Dev Drugs* 5: 162. doi: 10.4172/2329-6631.1000162.